1 Subwoofer placement
We recommend first trying either a corner near the front speakers, or in the middle of the front wall between them. Typically the corners have greater output whilst the mid-wall position often has a smoother frequency response.

2 Two ports vs three ports
Three-port configuration gives maximum output between 16 Hz and 40 Hz while two-port configuration gives better extension and transient response. Note the rumble filter needs to be set in three-port mode or when playing at high SPL such as in the intro of movie ‘Edge of Tomorrow’.

3 Recommended initial setup when using an AVR
In the AVR menu, make sure the front speakers are set to “small” and the crossover frequency is set to 80 Hz. Select the subwoofer mode, such that the bass is only played back from subwoofer, not “subwoofer + front speakers.” Next, make sure the distance settings of the speakers and subwoofer are correct in terms of their relative distances.

Recommended plate amplifier settings for two-port mode:
(from top to bottom, left to right)

1. Input: LFE (higher bandwidth) or LINE-IN
2. Limiter: ON
3. PEQ: OFF
4. Gain: 0 db
5. Bandwidth: middle position
6. Frequency: middle position (40 Hz)
7. Delay/phase: 1 o’clock – sealed speakers, 10 o’clock for ported front speakers.
8. Crossover: Set Crossover knob to match natural bass extension of the front speakers.
9. Volume: middle position (12 o’clock)
10. LOWPASS filter: AVR/12
11. Rumble filter: ON

4 Recommended initial 2-channel setup
(without AVR or pre-processor)
The standard XLR3 amplifier does not have HPF output. This means that the front speakers will run full range. The following settings also assume the subwoofer is placed at a distance to the listener similar to those of the front speakers so that no additional delay time adjustment is needed.

Recommended plate amplifier settings
(from top to bottom, left to right)

1. Input: LINE-IN
2. Limiter: ON
3. PEQ: OFF
4. Gain: 0 db
5. Bandwidth: middle position
6. Frequency: middle position (40 Hz)
7. Delay/phase: 1 o’clock – sealed speakers, 10 o’clock for ported front speakers.
8. Crossover: Set Crossover knob to match natural bass extension of the front speakers.
9. Volume: middle position (12 o’clock)
10. LOWPASS filter: 5” woofers - 80hz/24, larger speakers - 50hz/24.
11. Rumble filter: OFF

5. Recommended room EQ setup procedure

5.1 Rumble filter/Extension setting
We recommend the following settings when using a Room EQ program:
Two-port configuration
Rumble filter: OFF
Extension filter: 12 Hz
Damping: low

RoomEQ has the capability of changing the frequency response in the room. EQ can interfere with the damping settings as damping relates to the time domain performance. As a result, it is recommended to set up EQ with the maximum possible extension and damping. After EQ has been set up, one can then adjust the rumble filter, bass extension and damping settings for the best compromise between output and sound quality.

5.2 Volume knob settings
We recommend setting the volume so that the RoomEQ system is not using greater boost or trim than necessary. If the boost or trim is greater than 6 dB, then volume adjustment is recommended.

5.3 Subwoofer distance determined by the room EQ system
All room EQ programs need to measure the subwoofer distance. If the distance reported back from room EQ program is very different from the physical distance, it is an indication that the noise level due to reflection or other factors has obscured the ability to accurately measure the distance. It is best to either re-run room EQ with a slightly higher volume setting or to move the subwoofer location so that the room EQ program can achieve a more accurate distance measurement.