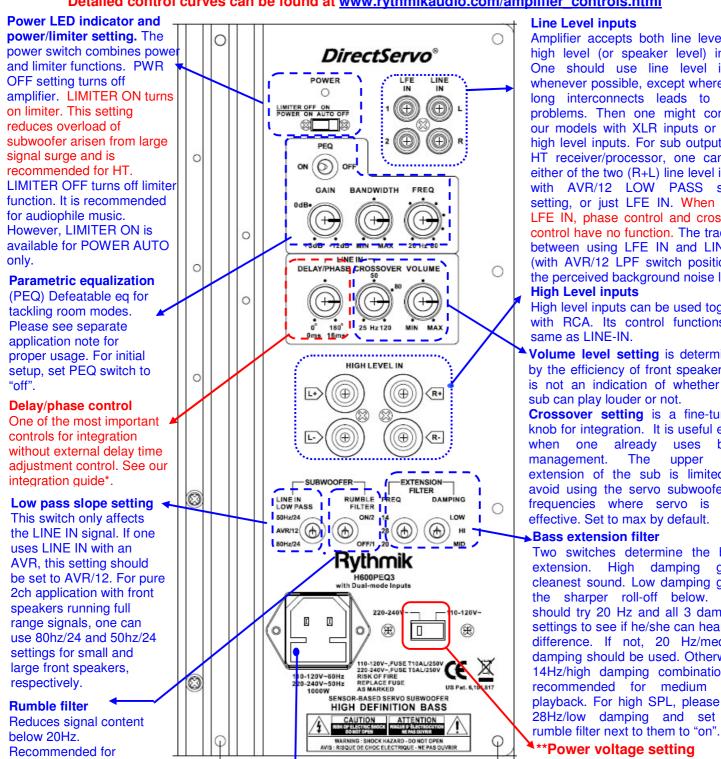
## Rythmik Audio PEQ3 Sealed Version Quick Guide

Warning! Make sure the power voltage setting is correct before plug in power cord. Never use digital power amp with differential outputs to speaker level inputs !!!

\*More information can be found at www.rythmikaudio.com/phase1.html Detailed control curves can be found at www.rythmikaudio.com/amplifier controls.html



Amplifier accepts both line level and high level (or speaker level) inputs. One should use line level inputs whenever possible, except where very long interconnects leads to noise problems. Then one might consider our models with XLR inputs or using high level inputs. For sub output from HT receiver/processor, one can use either of the two (R+L) line level inputs with AVR/12 LOW PASS switch setting, or just LFE IN. When using LFE IN, phase control and crossover control have no function. The trade-off between using LFE IN and LINE IN (with AVR/12 LPF switch position) is the perceived background noise level.

High level inputs can be used together with RCA. Its control functions are

Volume level setting is determined by the efficiency of front speakers. It is not an indication of whether the sub can play louder or not.

Crossover setting is a fine-tuning knob for integration. It is useful even already uses bass The upper end extension of the sub is limited to avoid using the servo subwoofer at frequencies where servo is less effective. Set to max by default.

Two switches determine the bass extension. High damping gives cleanest sound. Low damping gives the sharper roll-off below. One should try 20 Hz and all 3 damping settings to see if he/she can hear the difference. If not, 20 Hz/medium damping should be used. Otherwise, 14Hz/high damping combination is recommended for medium SPL playback. For high SPL, please use 28Hz/low damping and set the

Fuse box. Use only correctly rated fuses. There is a notch to pry open the fuse box. Do not try to pull it off the amplifier. There are two fuses: the inner one is the in circuit fuse, and the outer one is a spare. Continuingly blowing fuses is an indication of a more serious problem. Contact us if this occurs.

playing vinyl and for high SPL movies by avoiding wasted power on less audible subsonic signals.